

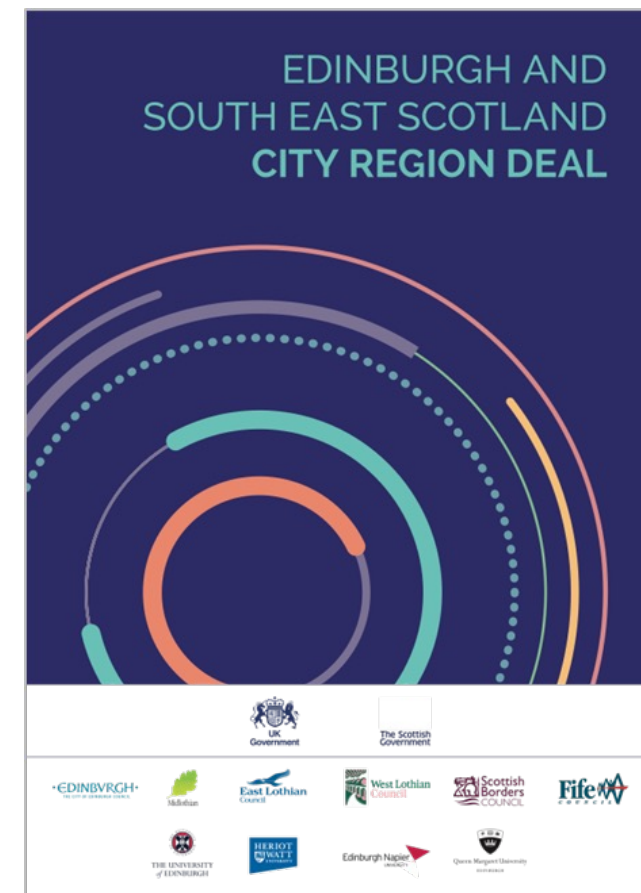
Data-Driven Innovation in South East Scotland

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Clinical Lead, DataLoch

East Region Innovation Event
8th June 2023

DDI Data-Driven Innovation

Part of the Edinburgh & South East Scotland City Region Deal



Contributing to

Establish a network of Innovation Hubs across the region supported by the Edinburgh International Data Facility



Contributing to



Create a world-leading innovation hub where the public, private and not-for-profit sectors collaborate to enable data-driven advances in the delivery of health and social care



The Data-Driven Innovation Health and Social Care Programme

VISION



Create an innovation hub where the public, private and third sectors collaborate to enable data-driven advances in the delivery of health and social care.

DELIVERY THEMES



TALENT

Enable health & care professionals to realise the value of data

RESEARCH

Inter-disciplinary research to transform health & care delivery

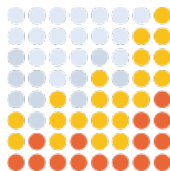
ADOPTION

Partnerships to address major challenges in health & care

ENTREPRENEURS

New businesses that improve the delivery of health & care to our citizens

UNDERPINNING CAPABILITY



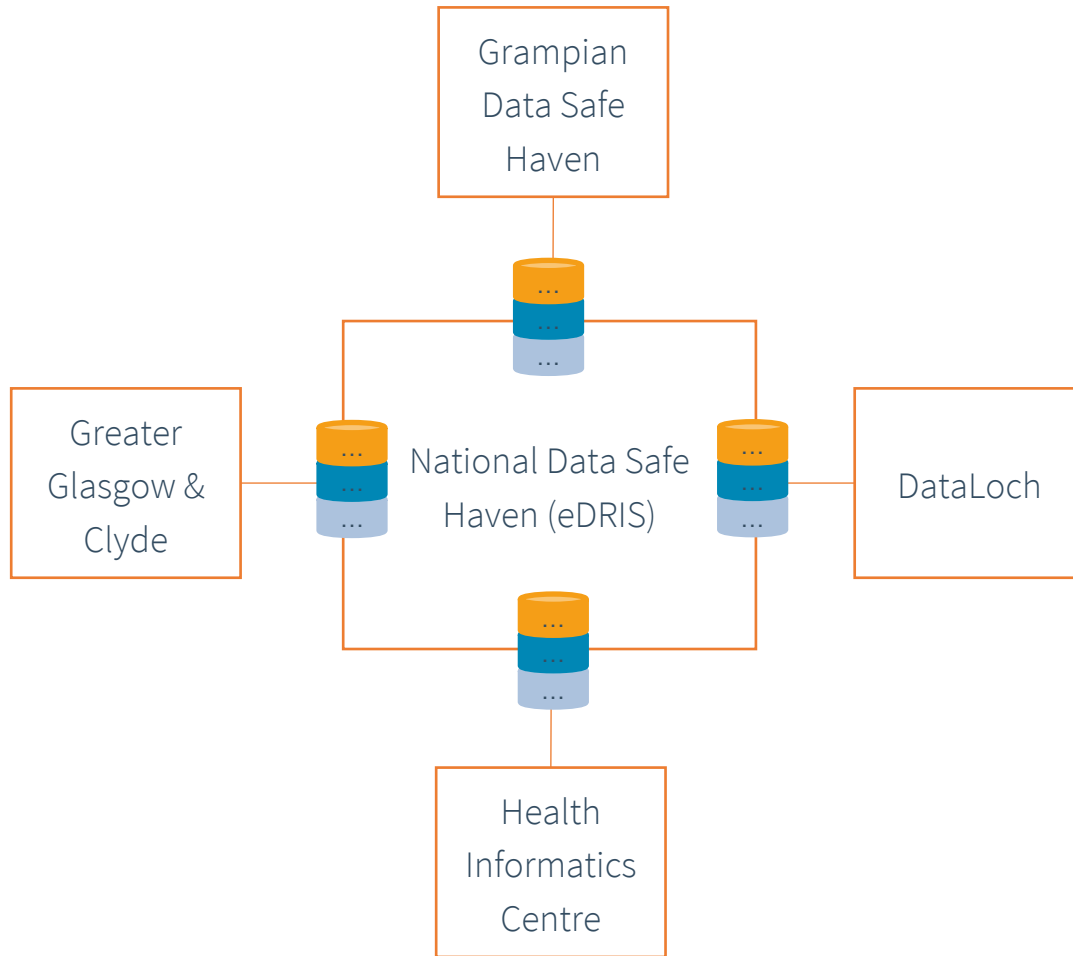
DataLoch

Harness Scotland's health care data and expertise to improve health and social care outcomes in our region and beyond

Quality, well-structured routine data is essential to healthcare innovation



Integrated data infrastructure



Established network of regional and national data Safe Havens to support linkage and analysis of de-identified data.

DataLoch: health care data

~1 million persons

106 GP practices

20 data sources

200,000 annual visits

Conditions

- Conditions from GP and hospital records
- Using common definitions from HDR UK code libraries
- Laboratory test results, X-rays and other radiology

Prescribing

- Prescriptions dispensed in the community
- Inpatient prescribing (coming soon)

Encounters

- Hospital admissions and discharges
- GP visits and hospital outpatient activity

Observations

- Alcohol consumption
- eFrailty
- BMI, blood pressure, smoking

Outcomes

- Critical care visits
- Procedures
- Deaths



Demographics to address inequalities

- Age
- SIMD
- Ethnicity

<https://www.wiki.ed.ac.uk/display/DMCatalogue>

DataLoch Respiratory Registry

- South-East Scotland residents with COPD, asthma and ILD.
- COPD cohort includes 52,500 patients with COPD, 3,800 patients with ILD, and 2400 patients with both.
- Data harmonised with BREATHE funded registries in England (CPRD) and Wales (SAIL Databank) to enable UK-wide studies

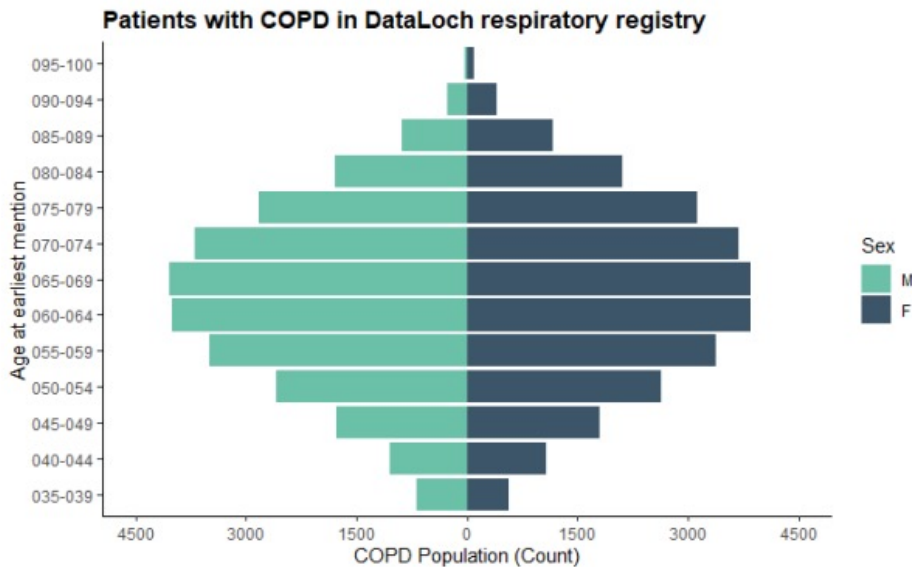


Fig 5. Population pyramid by age range and sex for patients with COPD in the DataLoch Respiratory Registry.

We aim to transform COPD service provision in the region from a reactive, high cost approach to one focused on prevention, anticipation and co-management with the objective of reducing COPD hospitalisations by 30%.

The project uses linked, routine health data and aims to use machine learning/AI approaches to:



Automate patient identification, describe incidence, characterise stage and severity, and report regional distribution and trends in COPD over time.



Understand healthcare utilisation by this population including Emergency Department (ED) attendances, hospitalisations and occupied bed days, readmissions and outpatient activity.



Develop risk models to automate identification of patients at risk of hospitalisation and/or high resource use utilising rich data including social determinants of health.



Automate patient flagging for evidence based interventions and pathways.



Clear problem to be solved?

Scientific advances required?

Objective: to reduce 30-day reattendance in patients presenting with suspected acute coronary syndrome by a fifth using artificial intelligence tools to augment clinical decisions.



Build a cardiology registry



Develop an adjudication console for clinical data validation



Create Safe Setting for AI development



Handover to NHS for live implementation

nature medicine 

Article

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41591-023-02325-4>

Machine learning for diagnosis of myocardial infarction using cardiac troponin concentrations

Received: 4 October 2022

Accepted: 28 March 2023

Published online: 11 May 2023

 Check for updates

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Informing the governance: views of the local population

Public consultation on "non-traditional" user access to health care data.

Survey – March 2022

- 595 respondents from City Region Deal area (Lothians, Fife, Borders)
- Report published in June 2022

Followed by deliberative workshops with 40 participants

Detailed report available on the DataLoch website

When asked what health researchers should focus their efforts on in future, the most popular priorities were:

- Making health services more efficient (40%)
- Developing new medicines and treatments (39%)
- Improving patient care to bring about better health outcomes (36%)
- Preventing ill health (35%)

Thank you for your attention



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**Data-Driven
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Contributing to